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ARTICLES
The manuscript sent to the editors should be arranged as follows.
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4. Abstract (0.5–1 page).
5. Key words (4–7 words or phrases)

Example:
Stalked crinoids of the family Bathycrinidae (Echinodermata) from the eastern Pacific
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ABSTRACT: Three crinoid species of the family Bathycrinidae have been found in the Eastern Pacific; depths from 4130 to 6240 m. The species Bathycrinus complanatus was known previously only from north-western Pacific. A new genus and two new species, Discolocrinus thieligen. et sp.n. and Bathycrinus mendeleevi sp.n., are described. Six types of pinnule’s structure are distinguished within the living ten-armed crinoids of the order Bourgueticrinida. One of these types is represented in the Discolocrinus only.

KEY WORDS: Discolocrinus, Bathycrinidae, Bourgueticrinida, Crinoidea, East Pacific, deep-sea fauna, comparative morphological analysis.

Main part of the paper.
6. Introduction (it must explain the currency of the research and contain the clear purpose of the study).
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Authors should strictly follow the last edition of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature. The generic and specific names should be typed in italics. A species mentioned in the text for the first
time and in the captions of figures must be supplied with its author(s) and the year of publication, e.g. *Mytilus edulis* L., 1758. If the paper contains descriptions of new species-group taxa, the author(s) should indicate the museum where types (type series) are deposited together with the respective registration numbers of the type specimens. Names of new taxa should be followed by sp.n. and gen.n. (Wrong: sp.nov. u gen.nov.).

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Example:

Fig. 1. Cells of exocyst of *Aploparaksis bulbocirrus* at the stage of late sclexogenesis. A-B – sagittal sections; C – transversal section.

A – muscle cells and tegument’s cyton of internal side of exocyst; B – cells in caudal part of exocyst; C – cell with signs of undifferentiated and “dark” cells in caudal part of exocyst.

Abbreviations: dac – “dark cell”; dc – distal part of tegument; ger – granular endoplasmic reticulum; m – mitochondrion; mc – muscle cells; mi – microvillus; n – nucleus; nu – nucleolus. Scale bar: A – 2 μm; B, C – 2.5 μm.

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